

Town of Santee

Water
& Wastewater Department
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*Utilities & Public Works
Assistant Administrator*

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2021 Water Quality Report Santee Water System (#3810011)

We are pleased to provide you with this year's Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. The source of our water is purchased surface water.

A Source Water Assessment Plan has been prepared for our system. Santee Water System purchases water from Lake Marion Regional Water System. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Herman Keller at (803) 854-2152. We want you, our neighbors and valued customers, to be informed about your water utility. Feel free to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings on the first Wednesday of every month at 6:00 pm at Santee Municipal Complex, 192 Municipal Way, Santee, SC 29142.

This report shows our water quality and what it means. The Santee Water System routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes and chemicals. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

Santee Water Department is an active member of:

South Carolina Section of the
American Water Works Association

South Carolina Rural Water Association

South Carolina Utility Billing Association

Water Environment Association of South Carolina



The Town of Santee is an equal opportunity provider and employer. In compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act/Section 504, the Town of Santee is prepared to make accommodations for individuals needing assistance to participate in our programs, services or activities.

Water Environmental Federation

2021 Water Quality Test Results

The tables below show the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In the tables you will find the following terms and abbreviations:

Action Level (AL) - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. MCL's are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Non-Detects (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Running Annual Average (RAA)

LEAD and COPPER TEST RESULTS							
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	90 th percentile	Unit Measurement	MCL G	Action Level	Sites over action level	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper 2021	N	0.223 Range (0.207-0.223)	ppm	1.3	1.3	0	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservation; Corrosion of household plumbing systems
Lead 2021	N	3.5 Range (1.2-3.5)	ppb	0	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservation; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.

REGULATED CONTAMINANTS								
Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Quarterly Average	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	2021	2.0	0.81-2.47	MRDLG 4	MRDL 4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes

Not all sample results may have been used for calculating the Highest Level Detected because some results may be part of an evaluation to determine where compliance sampling should occur in the future.

Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Violation Y/N	Highest Level Detected RAA	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Likely source of contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)* 2021	N	2	0-3.94	No goal for the total	60	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) 2021	N	6	0-11.25	No goal for the total	80	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection

Lake Marion Regional Water System SC3820003								
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation Y/N	Likely Source of Contamination
Nitrate (measured at Nitrogen)	2021	0.45	0.45-0.45	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks; sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium **Unregulated contaminate	2021	14	14-14	N/A	N/A	ppm	N	Occurs Naturally

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

If you have special health needs

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Santee Water System is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your drinking water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Town of Santee Water & Wastewater Department

(L to R) Audrey Davis, Kenneth Williams, Dawson Gaymon, Andrae Blocker, Herman Keller



Did You Know?



Tap water is the best value for your money. A 16 ounce of bottled water cost about \$1.50, whereas 1000 gallons of tap water cost about \$2.00.



The water we have today is all the water there will ever be.



Drinking water in the Unites States is among the safest in the world.



You can refill an 8 ounce glass of water 15,000 times for the same cost as a 6 pack of soda. And, water has no sugar or caffeine.



The average family turns on the tap between 70 and 100 times per day.



Americans drink more than 1 billion glasses of water per day.



Town of Santee 2021 Annual Water Quality Report